

TELEGRAPH CONTINUED FROM PAGE SIX—BERKLEY NEWS.



SOVEREIGN REMEDIES

COMMON SENSE CURES 25c EACH.

Why hesitate if you are suffering from any of the following troubles?

THEY POSITIVELY CURE

Coughs, Colds, Grippe, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, General Debility, Catarrh, Asthma, Blood Poison, Diarrhoea, Croup, Heart Failure, Kidney Trouble, Liver Complaint, Worms, Nervous Troubles, Neuralgia, Whooping Cough.

OUR PAIN PLASTERS GIVE INSTANT RELIEF. SOVEREIGN TONIC FOR MEN. SOVEREIGN TONIC FOR WOMEN. SEE "HOME TREASURE."

Tested by the people, they stand upon the Solid Rock of Public Confidence. For sale by all Druggists and Medicine Dealers.

Send for our "HOME TREASURE," a book filled with valuable information and household receipts Sent FREE to any address.

SOVEREIGN REMEDY CO., 1237 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

to make the illustration plainer, if all the gold coin in the world now was destroyed, excepting 10,000 sovereigns only, would they, could they, circulate as money?

They would still be sovereigns; but they would be worth more than diamonds (as relics, perhaps, of a past gold-worshipping age).

Our Supreme Court in a decision covering this question, said in terms, that Congress could not fix the value of money—that "value is ideal." The words of the Constitution under which Congress has power to "coin money and regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coins," could have meant only as to weight and fineness; for in regulating the value of foreign coins it was actually applied by taking their weight and fineness as our standard.

The underlying errors of all the arguments of our gold standard advocates is, that they fail to comprehend that it is law and law alone, which makes money what it is—the debt payer—the denominator of values.

Never existed there a piece of money which did not owe its existence to the fiat of law.

It is the law of legal tender, not the material, which makes money go everywhere within the realm of the law creating it.

American Eagles go in Europe, not as debt payers any more than a cargo of wheat or cotton, except as the laws of Europe fix its value by its coinage laws at coin value.

Now take the second clause of the title of this bill: "To maintain the parity of all forms of money issued or coined by the United States." If this word parity is not used as meaning equality it is juggling in the use of words.

That word sounds well, and it may furnish the key to the origin of that other phrase which so pleases the average goldite that it is conspicuous in all their arguments and observations on this great question—sound money, not good money, for all money is good, when issued by the sovereign power, and honored by that power in reception for taxes.

That great American statesman, Calhoun, during the debates in the Senate in the third decade of this century, stated that there was not a case on record when any State had ever issued even paper money in a volume not exceeding the requirements of the people for currency, and which duly honored its issues by receiving it for taxes, which ever failed in its highest attribute as good money.

Do those blind leaders of the blind propose to maintain parity by creating disparity?

To make equality by forcing inequality?

Was there ever such a juggling of words and such outwary of reason as is found in this attempt to embody in the statutes of our country the deceptive and not meaningful declaration of the preamble of the act repealing the Sherman act that "it is the policy of the United States to maintain the parity in value of the two metals coined," and then declare that all debts and obligations of the United States shall be payable in gold coin?

Never, but, in the resolutions of conventions controlled by gold advocates, and in the arguments of writers and speakers on the subject.

They were bimetallicists in profession in the great contest of 1896, one and all excepting the squad who supported Palmer and Buckner.

They now set aside all pretenses then relied on to carry the election; and come out boldly in advocacy of a measure fraught with more evil to the republic than any act ever presented to a legislative body.

The time is most opportune and the impetus given to the world's commerce and its industries by the recent addition to the world's stock of gold appears to have turned their heads, and blinded their eyes.

The suspension of gold mining in the richest gold field by the South African war, and the enormous increase of bonded indebtedness for war purposes, the armaments, railway buildings, and the exploitation of commercial and manufacturing companies, demands an enlargement of, rather than a contraction of the volume of primary or legal tender money.

Cannot our legislators stop in their mad work long enough to think of the possible effect of this bill, or of any law establishing a gold standard of payment at this time?

Our Secretary of the Treasury states that we possess \$945,000,000 of gold. Where is it? All but what is in the treasury and in reporting banks is an unknown quantity.

So is our foreign indebtedness an unknown quantity. Over trading and over-production was held to be the cause for the very low prices which recently prevailed. If that was true then, what is to be the result of the recent tremendous increase in production and trading now seen on every hand throughout the world, on credit largely, too, it is? With gold the sole legal tender, will the bonded tax-gatherer take anything else?

Even now the greatest American "industry" stock and board of trade gamblers is in a bad fix. In no part of the world is there a truly said that agriculture is flourishing, and that is man's basic, primal industry.

Upon the alleged increase of some \$200,000,000 annually of the world's gold production, there has been billions of industrial credits extended in our own country, and \$200,000,000 increase of our national debt, while something like \$150,000,000 has been added to our national taxation. The spending of this \$250,000,000 has produced the change called prosperity, but which will prove as baseless as the spendthrift's prosperity.

Is it prosperity when farms are running down and declining in value, and when urban property in so many of the cities and towns and villages of our country cannot be sold without ruinous sacrifice?

The American people are annually paying in taxes as much probably as the whole volume of our legal-tender money. Unquestionably they are paying more in interest than its total volume and it is estimated that transportation costs twice as much.

Now where will our people be when a settlement at panic prices is called for? England has a safeguard in the power to suspend instantly her bank act. Germany has something similar. America after all the fatal experiences of the past, has none yet instead of seeking to provide a safeguard against destructive panics—more ruinous than war.

Do our "innocents abroad" (or at home) suppose that money of any kind is not affected by the same laws of supply and demand which control all things vendible? Can they imagine that their favorite metal would possess its present value, were such large additions made to the stock of gold now existing, as to double it? Or, if half of the present stock of the world was sunk in the ocean, that the remaining stock would be held at its present value. Or

BERKLEY NEWS AND ADVERTISEMENTS

A BRILLIANT WEDDING

Miss Helen Slaymaker and Mr. Chas. E. Wicks Made One.

The Bride a Daughter of Rev. and Mrs. W. A. Slaymaker—Citizens Arming For Burglars—Mr. Robert Hendren Takes a Bride—Negro Hurt.

The marriage of Miss Helen Slaymaker, the fascinating and accomplished daughter of Rev. and Mrs. W. A. Slaymaker, to Mr. Charles E. Wicks, a well-known Norfolk grocer and ship chandler, at the Armstrong Memorial Presbyterian Church yesterday afternoon at 4:45 o'clock, in the presence of a large and brilliant assemblage of friends and relatives of the contracting parties. It was a very charming event.

The interior of the edifice was aglow with a large number of electric lights, the pulpit a bower of flowers, consisting of palms, ferns, lilies and other potted plants, with the glow of the decorated lamps and clustered candles, shedding variegated colors, presented a scene of enchanting beauty.

The wedding party arrived, and to the sweet strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, skillfully executed by Miss Jennette Knox, organist of Centenary M. E. Church, Norfolk, with violin accompaniment by Miss Florence Durham, of Berkley, proceeded up the aisle in the following order: The bride, accompanied by her sister, Miss Lizzie Slaymaker, who filled the role of maid of honor, followed by the ushers. On arriving in front of the altar the bride was met by the groom, accompanied by his best man, Mr. John Gibbs, of Norfolk, who entered from the side door. Rev. W. A. Slaymaker, pastor of the church and father of the bride, performed the marriage rite in an impressive manner, his voice having been considerably weakened from recent illness. During the ceremony "Because" was softly and exquisitely rendered.

The bride was robed in a magnificent gown of light gray camel's hair, with white silk and cut steel trimmings, with hat of mousseline de soie and ostrich feathers and gloves to correspond; also a handsome sunburst brooch set with pearls and diamonds, the gift of the groom. She carried a bouquet of roses. The maid of honor was robed in a beautiful gray camel's hair and velvet waist, with a "picture" hat of black velvet, and carried LaFrance roses.

The groom, his best man and the ushers, Messrs. Leroy Davis and Amos Slaymaker, the latter a cousin of the bride, of Norfolk, and J. B. Morgan and Frank Durham, of Berkley, wore Prince Alberts, with white bow-ties, and gloves, with white boutonnières.

The happy couple received numerous congratulations. They were driven to the Bay Line wharf, where they boarded the Washington steamer for Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, to be gone about ten days. They will return by way of Richmond.

Returning they will reside at their handsome residence on Berkley avenue.

The bride was the recipient of a large number of very handsome and costly gifts.

LITTLE GIRL DIES.

Bessie L., the 7-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. Sidney Jones, died yesterday morning about 4:30 o'clock, after a brief illness of pneumonia. The

A PLEASANT DUTY—"When I know anything worthy of commendation, I consider it my duty to tell it," says Jas. Murdoch, of Hamsburg, Pa. "Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder has cured me of Catarrh of the eyes years standing. It is certainly magical in its effects. The first application benefited me in five minutes. I would not be without it in the house." Sold by R. F. Holmes.—17.

our Congress is actually engaged in formulating an act which will be a veritable panic-breeder. Is it for the fell purpose of still further concentrating all wealth in fewer hands?

When the nation needs its wisest counsellors to formulate a safe financial policy to strengthen it and carry it through this grand era of creative development in which it is leading the world, we have instead this exhibition of dense ignorance of what is really needed. How not to do it has characterized the management of our national Treasury in buying up bonds in which at a large premium which was but a short time previous sold at par, which caused the Mexican Herald to declare that our finances were managed by charlatans who knew no more of the science of money than schoolboys.

And of our legislators, what will they say of providing for the swapping of dollars for other dollars, which, by the organic laws are equal, to maintain parity?

It has done no good to thunder it into their ears that money, the public measure of values—the debt payer—is its own redeemer in the payment of a debt.

That in no so-called gold standard country in the world has the holders of silver coin the right to demand gold for it. That the right to pay in either metal all debts is the only way to maintain parity, and while honoring it all by receiving it for taxes, to permit no citizen to dishonor it.

But, fools rush in where angels fear to tread.

We might contemplate with serenity the passage of this bill but for the disastrous effect it will have upon innocent people, for it will break the power of the arch plotters, who are aiming at the acquisition of all power by getting control of the volume of our money.

Any power controlling the volume of the currency of a country is absolute masters of its industry and commerce, said James A. Garfield.

Far worse than the denial of the right to have coined our treasure of silver into solid money, is this declared purpose to yield to the demand of the associated national banks that the national issues of paper money shall be retired, for it is a complete surrender to the national banks, not only of the great muniment derived from the public use of the vast sum required, but of the power to expand and contract its volume to meet every regard for other interests than their own. This power can be used as an engine to oppress the

funeral will take place from the residence this morning at 11 o'clock, and will be conducted by Rev. Robert Gatewood, rector of St. Paul's Church, after which the remains will be interred in Magnolia Cemetery.

ARMED FOR BURGLARS.

Many of the citizens have armed themselves so as to be ready for attack by the desperadoes who have laid siege to the town recently. Shots could be heard in different parts of the city last night.

HEART SOCIAL.

At the heart social to be given to-night at the residence of Mrs. E. F. Truitt, the following program will be rendered:

Instrumental Duet—Misses Knox and Richardson.

Vocal Solo—Miss Wellener.

Recitation—Miss Williams.

Vocal Solo—Mr. Hazard.

Recitation—Miss Bldgood.

Instrumental Duet—Mrs. Truitt and Miss Majette.

Vocal Solo—Mr. Dougherty.

ANOTHER MARRIAGE.

Mr. Robert H. Hendren, a well known young man of the town, and Miss Bessie Crawford, of Elizabeth City, N. C., were married yesterday afternoon at 1 o'clock. The ceremony took place at the residence of Mr. Foreman, of the latter place. Mr. and Mrs. Hendren arrived in Berkley yesterday afternoon at 4:20 o'clock en route to Gilmerston, their future home, for which place they left on the 7:30 o'clock Norfolk and Western train.

BREVITIES.

The sympathy of the community is tendered the family in their bereavement.

The remains of Mr. John Hoagland were forwarded to Cobleskill, N. Y., yesterday morning via the Cape Charles route.

See advertisement in this issue offering reward for a pair of gold frame glasses lost between the Presbyterian Church and Chestnut street.

A suspicious looking tramp was arrested on Berkley avenue yesterday and locked up.

Claiborne Brown, colored, while engaged in moving a pile of fish bones at the works of the Columbia Guano Company yesterday, had his thigh fractured by a bag of bones falling on him. He was sent to the Protestant Hospital, Norfolk.

BERKLEY ADVTS.

LOST—ONE PAIR GOLD GLASSES between Presbyterian Church and Chestnut street; suitable reward when left at No. 124 Chestnut street, or at my office, J. H. JACKSONS.

BARBER WANTED—At 58 Chestnut street, Berkley, a salary guaranteed. Apply to DAVID SYKES, mch-8

BANK OF BERKLEY—COUNTRY trade a specialty. Convenient hours. Interest on deposits. tel-14

Berkley, Va., March 8, 1900. A SPECIAL COMMUNICATION OF THE BERKLEY LODGE, No. 167, of P. & A. M., will be held THIS (Thursday) EVENING, March 8th, at 7:30 o'clock. Work in Second Degree.

All Master Masons in good standing fraternally invited to attend. By order of the W. M. J. S. RODGERS, Secretary. (Lodge copy.)

J. R. WILLIAMS,

—Funeral Director and Embalmer—

has removed from 56 to 67 Chestnut street, opposite C. B. Gibb's Hardware Store. Carriages furnished for marriages. Office phone 1217. Residence phone 1220. jan-17

people, and control legislatures and conventions, and even our foreign policy. It is too great and dangerous a power to delegate. Once granted it will prove very difficult to revoke. Twice has the people won in the contest for the restoration of silver to mint rights—a money metal, and twice has their will been thwarted by their opponents' act in securing the control of one of the three co-ordinate branches of our government—the executive.

Shall more powers to oppress and corrupt be now granted? That is just what this legislation if enacted will do.

STOMACH

Out of Order?

Can't Eat, Sleep or Work!

JOHNSON'S STOMACH TABLETS

Create appetite. Induce refreshing sleep, and make work a pleasure. One Tablet, one dose.

Immediate. Lasting. Agreeable. Large Box (25 Tablets) 10 Cents. Made at

The Johnson Laboratories, Inc., Philadelphia.

Santos Drug Store, N. E. cor. Bank and Cove streets; Martin's Pharmacy, 22 Main street; Buco, Martin & Co., 25 Main street; Virginia Pharmacy, 25 Church street; Robert F. Holmes & Co., 154 Main street; Snelling's Pharmacy, 570 Church street; Wallace & Moore, cor. Granby and Charlotte streets; J. M. E. Trotter, 363 Main street; Wallace & Co., Berkley avenue and Chestnut street; Berkley; Jerome F. Carr, Court and County streets, Portsmouth; J. W. S. Nutt & Co., 513 Middle street, Portsmouth.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're sick, or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The sweetest, easiest, and perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take

CANDY CATHARTIC

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, No Good, Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips, 50c. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address: Sterling Remedy Company, New York, N. Y., 352.

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

PORTO RICO'S NEEDS.

FOOD DISTRIBUTION MUST BE CONTINUED.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Washington, March 7.—The Acting Secretary of War received a communication from General Davis on the subject of food distribution and the relief of the destitute in Porto Rico. General Davis had intended to discontinue the free distribution of food about the first of this month, but the industrial conditions existing in certain portions of the island rendered it absolutely necessary to continue to feed the starving inhabitants for some time longer.

In the centre of the island, or the coffee-growing district, there is nothing for the poor to eat. Any discontinuance of the food distribution, therefore, under these conditions would result in a large increase of sickness and of the death rate. The coffee planters are making strenuous efforts to clear up their fields, but having no money for the payment of their hands and laborers, have necessarily been laid off, and are drifting into the towns, thereby becoming public charges. Unless fed at public expense starvation will result, and the Military Governor has, therefore, requested a shipment of five hundred tons of rice, cod fish and bacon, in addition to the five hundred tons asked for about three weeks ago.

In connection with the existing industrial conditions, General Davis is of opinion that the quickest and most effective way of securing relief would be through large expenditures upon public works.

General Davis states that if he could put about 25,000 men at work for a period of three months on the road, involving expenditures for labor, tools and supervision of some \$223,000 a month, the period of acute distress could be lifted over.

The Acting Commissary General of Subsistence was to-day directed to secure the food asked for for immediate shipment.

Cornell's Baseball Schedule.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Ithaca, N. Y., March 7.—Cornell's baseball schedule covers thirty-six games, including the following:

March 27, Clemson College, at Calhoun, S. C.; March 28th, Mercer University, at Macon, Ga.; March 29th, University of Georgia, at Athens, Ga.; March 30th, University of Georgia, at Atlanta, Ga.; March 31st, University of Georgia, at Atlanta, Ga.; April 1st, University of North Carolina, at Raleigh, N. C.; April 3, Trinity College, at Durham, N. C.; April 4th, University of Virginia, at Charlottesville, Va.; April 5th, Georgetown University, at Washington.

McKinley Invited South.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Washington, D. C., March 7.—Mel Hanna, a brother of Senator Hanna, recently invited the President to visit him at his country home at Thomasville, Ga., this month. The President has the invitation under consideration, but has not decided whether he can go. He thinks it unlikely that he will be able to make the trip, owing to the work before him. The President went to Thomasville last March, but Congress was not then in session, and no work was pressing to prevent a short absence from the city.

Victoria Will Visit Ireland.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

London, March 7.—8:50 p. m.—Queen Victoria will visit Ireland next month, staying at the Viceroyal Lodge in Dublin, which has been placed at her disposal by the Viceroy, Earl Cadogan.

Her Majesty's visit will be of a private character, such as she is in the habit of making periodically to the south of France. It will probably extend for more than a fortnight. Her last visit was in 1861. The announcement has caused great enthusiasm.

With One Finger.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Minneapolis, Minn., March 7.—Charles Hanson, a Swede, last night lifted 560 pounds with one finger without a harness. The accomplishment of this feat, breaks the world's record for a one-finger lift, 533½ pounds lifted in Chicago May 7, 1896, by Louis Cyr, a Frenchman. Hanson now claims the world's championship for the one-finger lift, and will defend his title from all comers.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

BRITISH TAKE BOER POSITIONS

Continued from Page 1.

argued that the Dutch, having remained loyal, are entitled to a hearing at the settlement. The argument would have more force if the Dutch had not risen in every district where there was a reasonable chance of success, and it is certain that the whole British community and the actively loyal Dutch are opposed to any settlement short of annexation.

A proposal has been made by a deputation of the Dutch party to visit England shortly in the interest of peace. The remainder of the Canadian artillery has gone to the front.

PRISONERS AT PRETORIA.

Squadrons A and B, of Kitchener's Horse, that were reported missing, have returned to camp. They were cut off with Squadron B February 13th, but they escaped, although they lost their way afterward on the veldt. Squadron E are prisoners at Pretoria.

KRUGER ENTUSES BURGHERS.

Glencoe, Natal, March 3.—Saturday.—President Kruger returned to Pretoria yesterday.

His address to the Burghers has filled them with fresh enthusiasm to continue the fight for independence and to bring the war to a successful issue.

A MAGISTRATE TRICKED.

Carnarvon, Cape Colony, Tuesday, March 6.—A refugee who has arrived here from Kenhardt says that early Wednesday, February 28th, shots were exchanged with the rebels, who retired. Thereupon Commandant de Kock arrived with a flag of truce. The magistrate who went from Kenhardt to meet him was immediately made a prisoner and the rebels then poured into the town, hoisted the white flag, proclaimed the district to be Free State territory, sang the Volkslied and began commanding.

The magistrate was detained for trial at Bloemfontein.

The refugees say the natives are being severely treated.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY.

London, March 7.—An army order issued to-night announces that the Queen has ordered that in future on St. Patrick's Day all ranks of her Irish regiments shall wear a distinction, a sprig of shamrock, in their head dress, to commemorate the gallantry of her Irish soldiers in the recent battles in South Africa.

BOERS OFFER TO SURRENDER.

London, March 8.—A dispatch to the Times from Osofontein, dated Tuesday, March 6, says:

"A commando of 2,000 Boers had offered to surrender, but on impossible terms.

"General Cronje's losses were greater than he admitted. Sixty bodies of Boers have been found in one grave."

FREE STATERS ALARMED.

The Times publishes the following from Lourenzo Marques, dated Monday, March 5:

"President Kruger's precipitate journey to Natal was due to General Joubert's urgent representations that the operations of Lord Roberts had so alarmed the Free Staters that they had become uncontrollable.

"There is every indication of chaos and demoralization in the burgher ranks. The Boer losses in Natal from Tuesday to Friday last week were fifty-two killed and 200 wounded.

"The Free State Raad has been summoned to meet in April."

A FIGHT IMMINENT.

London, March 8.—A dispatch to the Times from Modder River, dated yesterday, says:

"The Boers occupy an extensive position between ourselves and both Bloemfontein and Winburg. They include the bulk of the Natal forces, and are under General Joubert himself. Only sufficient men have been left behind to hold Van Keenen's Pass and Laing's Nek. Extensive desertions are reported during the week.

"An engagement is imminent, which will probably be decisive as to the whole war."

Famous Detective Killed.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

Lexington, Ky., March 7.—George W. Drake, the famous mountain detective and ex-deputy United States Marshal, and a man named Ford were shot to death last night near Torrent, Ky., by William St. John. It is reported to be the result of bad feeling of long standing between Drake and St. John. Drake is said to have run down more moonshiners and criminals in the mountains of Eastern Kentucky than any other officer in the service of the government.

CASTORIA.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Con. Wheeler's Impressions.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)

San Francisco, Cal., March 7.—General Joseph Wheeler and party, who have been in quarantine since their arrival from the